



Document 1 Background information

Timeline of Reconstruction

Mintz, S., & McNeil, S. (2018). America's Reconstruction: People and Politics After the Civil War. *Digital History*.

<http://www.digitalhistory.uh.edu/exhibits/reconstruction/timeline.html>

January 1, 1863 Emancipation Proclamation issued.	July 21, 1868 14 th amendment ratified
November 8, 1864 Lincoln reelected President	November 3, 1868 Ulysses S. Grant elected President
March 3, 1865 Freedmen's Bureau established	1869 First redeemer government
April 8, 1865 Lee Surrenders at Appomattox	February 23, 1870 First black senator elected – Hiram Revels
April 15, 1865 President Abraham Lincoln assassinated	March 30, 1870 15 th amendment ratified
December 6, 1865 13 th amendment ratified	1871 42 nd Congress
December 6, 1865 Black codes enacted	1872 Freedmen's Bureau abolished
April 9, 1866 Civil Rights Act of 1866	1874 Democrats control the 43 rd Congress
May 1-3, 1866 Memphis Race Riot	March 1, 1875 Civil Rights Act of 1875 enacted
July 30, 1866 New Orleans Race Riot	1876 Heavily disputed Presidential election
July 30, 1866 Ku Klux Klan is founded in Tennessee	1876 Wade Hampton (confederate leader) elected governor of S. Carolina.
1867 Reconstruction Acts	1877 Rutherford B. Hayes elected President
March-May 1868 President Johnson impeachment trial	1877 Reconstruction ends

The Necessity of the 14th Amendment

<https://www.fords.org/for-teachers/teaching-lincolns-assassination-legacy/the-necessity-of-the-14th-amendment/>